## Unemployment Claims Data Summary for the Southwestern Pennsylvania Region

Periods covering January 2020 to October 2021

December 9, 2021

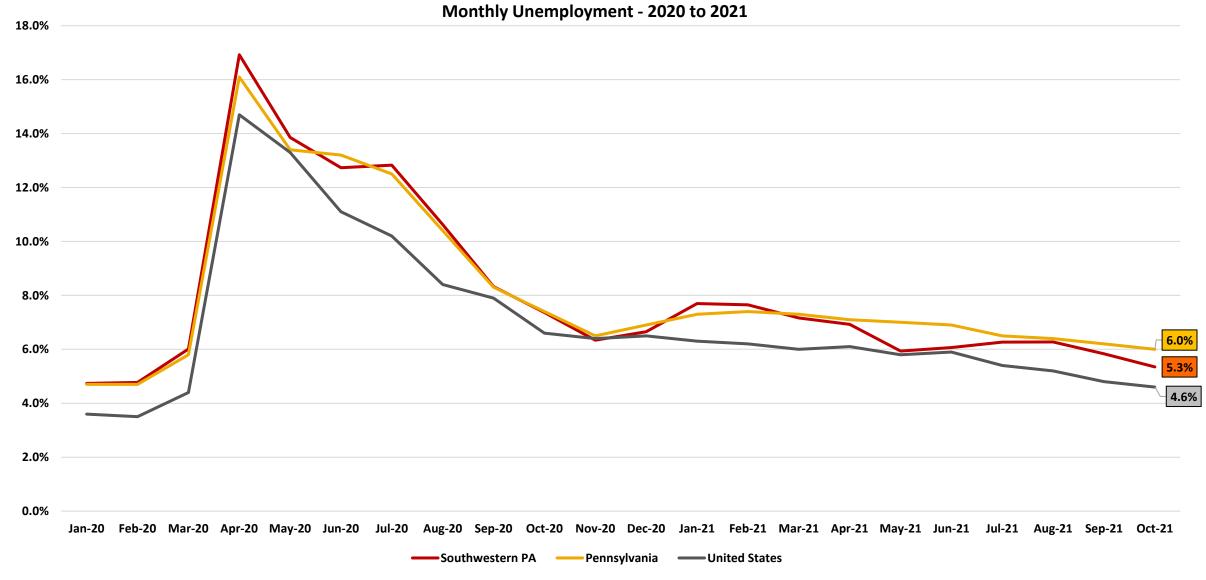
Pennsylvania Economy League of Greater Pittsburgh

An affiliate of the Allegheny Conference

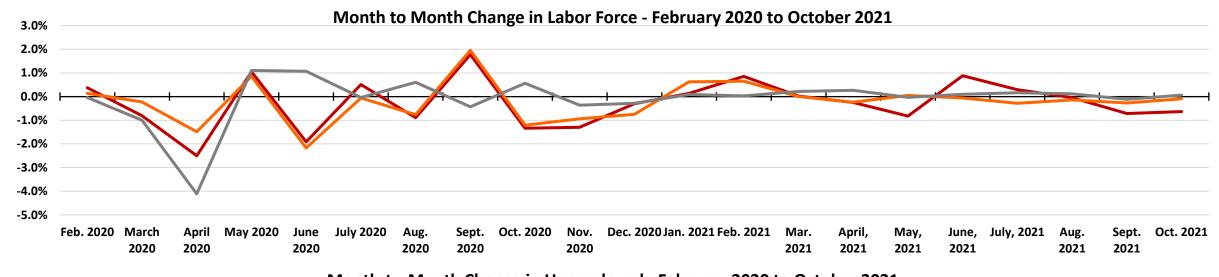
## **Key Takeaways**

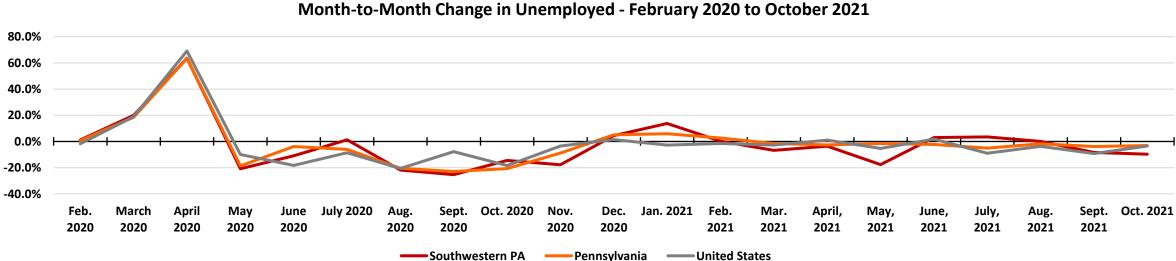
- After slowly increasing during the summer, the unemployment rate in Southwestern Pennsylvania has been dropping throughout the Fall and is now just 5.3%, below the state for the eighth consecutive month. While the region continues to trail the national unemployment rate, the gap is the smallest its been since July.
- The region's Labor Force fell for a second straight month in October, falling -0.6%, on top of a -0.7% drop in September. These are two of the largest month-to-month decreases on record and the region's labor force is at its lowest level since November 1990 (1,247,000). Meanwhile the state and nation were essentially flat.
- The number of unemployed individuals in the region has also been seeing significant decreases, falling -9.7% in October and -8.3% in September. The 66,700 people reporting as unemployed in the region in October is a pandemic era low. The percentage drop in unemployed individuals was nearly three times the drop reported by the state and nation.
- In October, the gap between the region's February 2020 unemployment rate was 0.5 percentage points, less than half the gap in the U.S. or state. The gap between the last pre-pandemic unemployment rate and the current one is largest in Armstrong County (1.0 percentage points) while it is below the regional average in four counties including Greene, Lawrence and Washington Counties. However, the October unemployment rates each county exceed the national average ranging from a low of 4.9% in Allegheny and Butler Counties to a high of 7.5% in Fayette County.
- Continuing unemployment claims remain below levels not seen since the pandemic began but did fall dramatically with the
  expiration of enhanced unemployment benefits as they were already quite low. The region's drop continues to parallel the
  state as Southwestern Pennsylvania's share has remained consistent in the 19% to 20% range since the beginning of the year.
- Regionally, for the week ended 11/27/21, the top five most impacted industries are Construction; Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting; Administrative and Waste Services; Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation; and Transportation and Warehousing.
- Unemployment is not affecting demographic groups equally, and the 35-44 age segment and Black population are suffering more.

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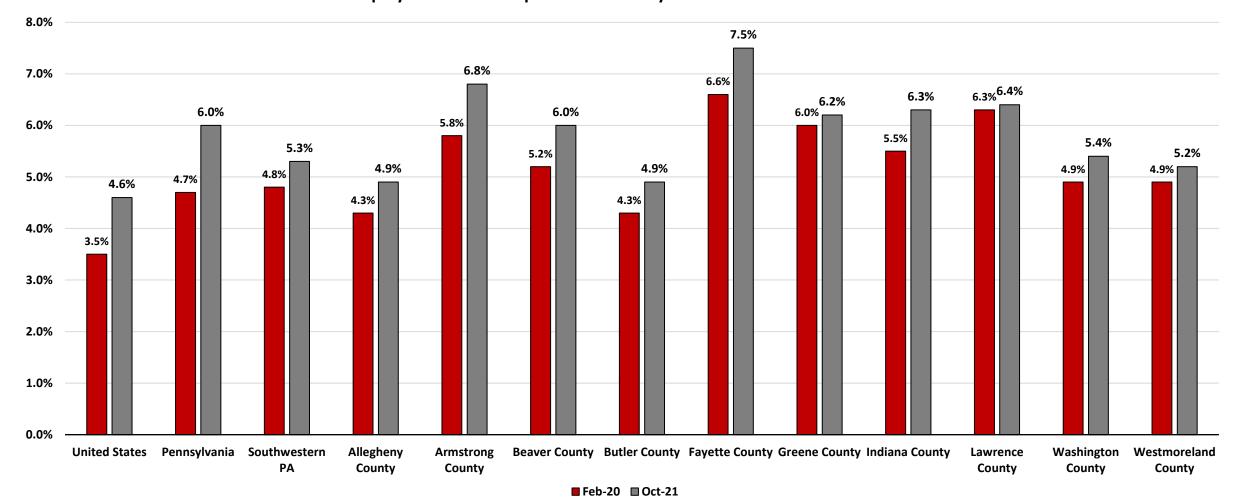
The region's Labor Force fell for a second straight month in October, falling -0.6%, on top of a -0.7% drop in September. These are two of the largest one month drops on record resulting in the region's labor force falling to its lowest level since November 1990 (1,247,000). Meanwhile the state and nation were essentially flat. The number of unemployed individuals in the region has also been seeing significant decreases, falling -9.7% in October and -8.3% in September. The 66,700 people reporting as unemployed in the region in October is a pandemic era low. The percentage drop in unemployed individuals was nearly three times the drop reported by the state and nation.





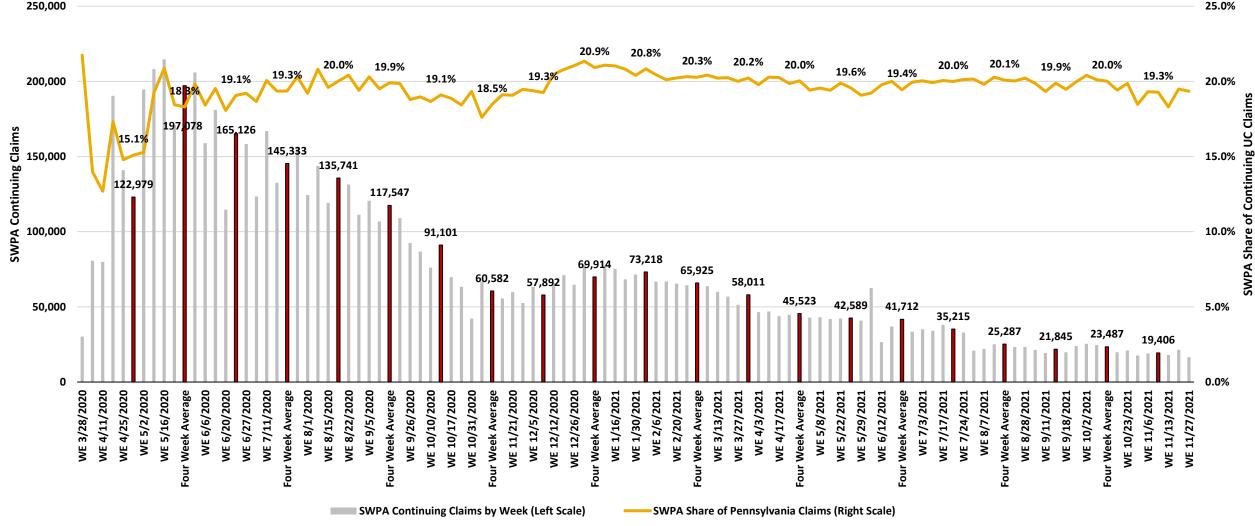
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## **Unemployment Rate Comparison - February 2020 vs. October 2021**

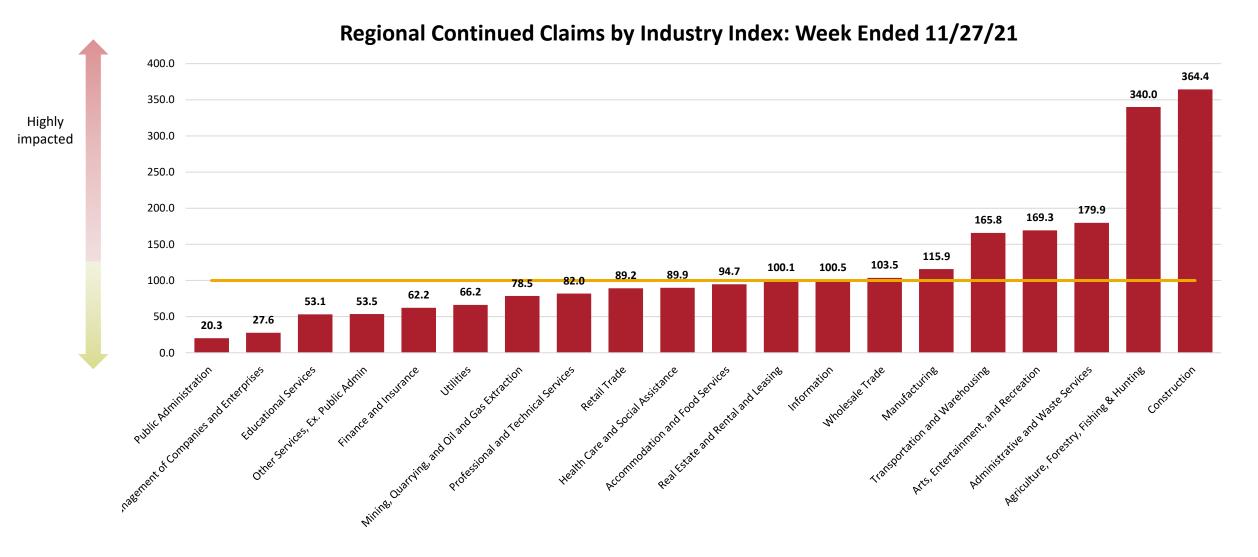


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By comparing percentage of claims to percentage of employment by industry, we can determine which industries are disproportionally impacted. A value above 100 indicates that the industry is highly impacted. Regionally, the top five most impacted industries are Construction; Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting; Administrative and Waste Services; Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation; and Transportation and Warehousing. Unlike other industries, Construction is impacted by seasonal slowdowns.



By comparing percentage of claims to percentage of population by segment, we can determine which groups are disproportionally impacted. A value above 100 indicates that the group is highly impacted. By age, the 35-44 age segment is the most impacted, followed by the 25-34 age segment. By race, the Black population is disproportionally impacted compared to other demographic groups.

Regional Continued Claims by Age			
	Week ended 11/27/21	Indexed	
16-19 *	4.5%	76.0	
20-24	4.8%	78.8	
25-34	17.8%	136.2	
35-44	17.3%	152.1	
45-54	15.7%	120.3	
55-64	17.8%	117.5	
65 and older	7.6%	38.8	
Unknown	14.4%	N/A	
Grand Total	16,523		

<sup>\*</sup> Used 15 – 19 age group from American Community Survey

Regional Continued Claims by Race			
	Week ended 11/27/21	Indexed	
Black	12.4%	159.9	
Hispanic	1.3%	72.4	
Pacific Islander or Asian	0.6%	27.2	
Unknown	10.1%	N/A	
White	75.3%	86.3	
Grand Total	16,523		

Regional Continued Claims by Sex			
	Week ended 11/27/21	Indexed	
Female	43.7%	85.2	
Male	56.3%	115.5	
Grand Total	16,521		
Two data points did not report sex and are therefore not included			

Report produced by the Pennsylvania Economy League of Greater Pittsburgh, an affiliate of the Allegheny Conference

Data sources include the Pennsylvania Department of Labor and Industry Center for Workforce Information and Analysis and Bureau of Labor Statistics

For more information, please contact Jim Futrell at jfutrell@alleghenyconference.org